

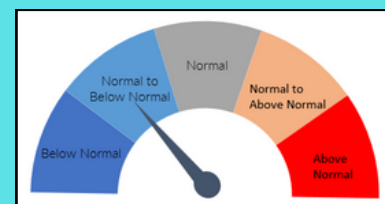
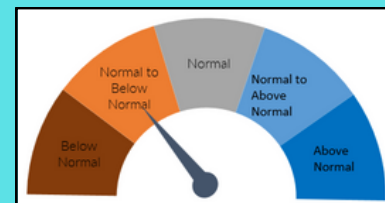
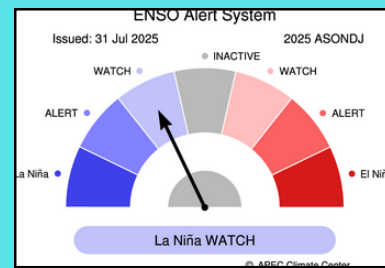
Issued: 14 Okitobwa 2025

# TARAAN KANOAN BOONG OKITOBWA- RITEMBWA 2025



## Uarereken te rongorong

- Kiribati e a rinnakoa ngkai Okitobwa are bon ana kabanea n namakaina n **Auu-maiaki**.
- Te El Nino Southern Oscillation (ENSO) e teimatoa n tiku iaon te **Neutral**. E katautauaki te **La Nina watch** ba e na kona n kaoti n namakaina aika imwaira ma ti inanon te tai ae uarereke.
- Taraan te karau ao e katautauaki ba e na **kee iaan te nuukaniware nakon are nuukaniware**.
- E katautauaki te kabuebue iaon te aba bwa e na **nuukaniware nakon ae e kee iaan te nuukaniware** n aban nako Kiribati.

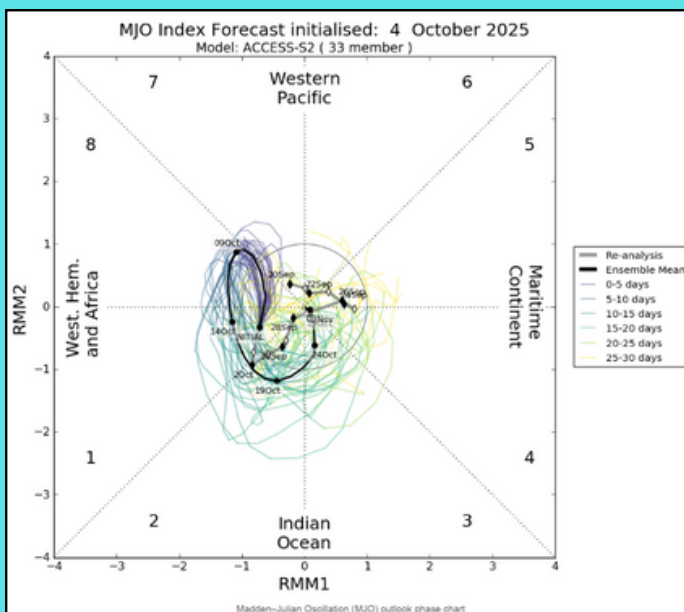


# Bitakin kanoan boong n te tai ae uarereke (Climate Variability) El Nino Southern Oscillation (ENSO)

Te El Niño–Southern Oscillation (ENSO) e bon tiku naba ngkai iaon te nuukaniware ke te neutral.

Te kabuebue are imarawan te Betebeke e teimatoa n maitoro ma kanikinaa riki tabeua a kaotia ba a bon tiku iaon te nuukaniware. N katautauan te ENSO man te Bureau of Met ao e kaotia ba e na kona n roko n ana ware te La Nina ma ti inanon te tai ae uarereke inanon Okitobwa nakon Nobembwa ao n manga okira te nuukaniware inanon Ritembwa nakon Beberuare 2026.

Te katautau aio e boraoi naba ma aia katautau bwaai ni makuri man taabo riki tabeua are kaotia ba te La Nina iai kantaningakina ao n kona n manga okira te nuukaniware (Neutral) n moan te ririki ae boou.



Source: BoM, Australia

## Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO)

Te MJO e kona naba n ibita kanoan boong n te maan ae 30 nakon 90 te bong.

Te MJO e a tia n kitana te aono n te Betebeke ke te Western Pacific Region ao n maing ngkai nakon te aono n Western Hemisphere ao Aberika.

# Katautauan te karau ao te kabuebue man Okitobwa - Ritembwa 2025.

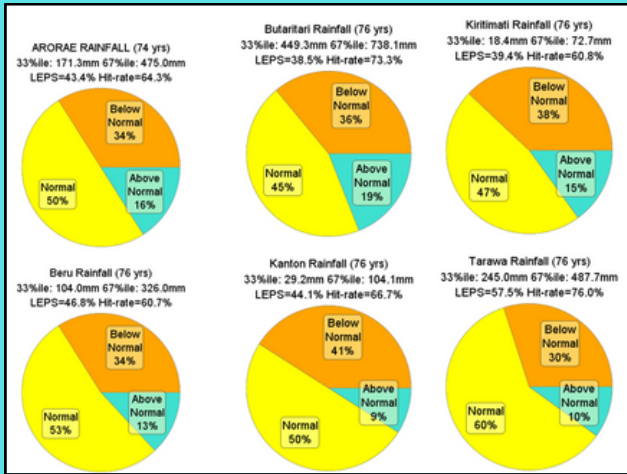


Fig 1. Man te bwai n makuri n katautau ae te SCOPIC ao e oti ba e na **nuukaniware** angiin aban nako Kiribati.

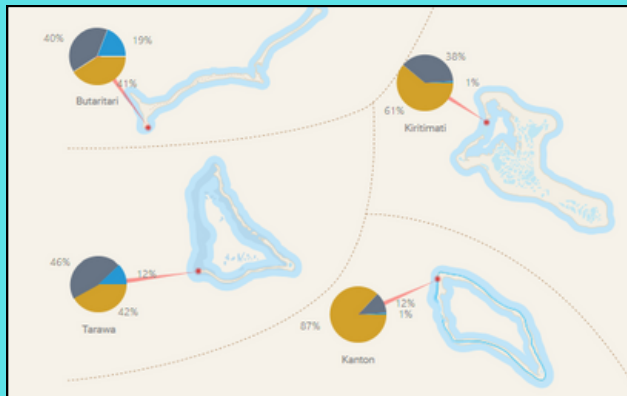


Fig 2. N ana katautau te PICASO iaon te karau ao e kaotia ba e na **kee iaan te nuukaniware** ao n **nuukaniware** ibukin angiin aban nako te aono n Kiribati ni kabane.

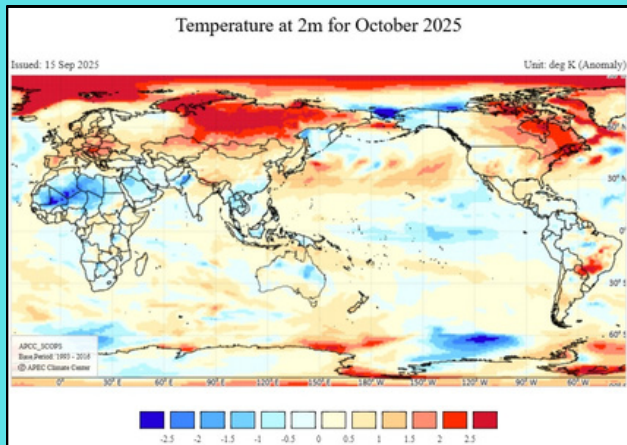


Fig 3. Iai katautauan te kabuebue iaon tabeua aba n te itera nuuka ba e na keerikaki n te ware ae **0.5 te Degree Celsius**. Tabeua aaba aki rotaki ke n neutral.

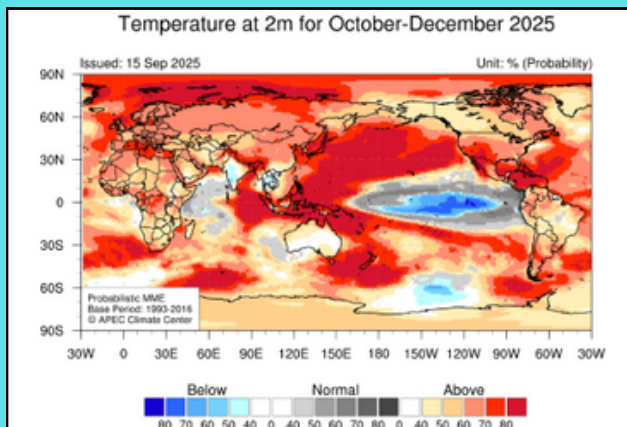


Fig 4. N tarakin te kabuebue n te aba n te aonnaba ao Kiribati e katautauaki bwa ena **nuukaniware** nakon ae **kee iaan te nuukaniware** ibukin te teniua n namakaina ae inwaira.

DISCLAIMER:

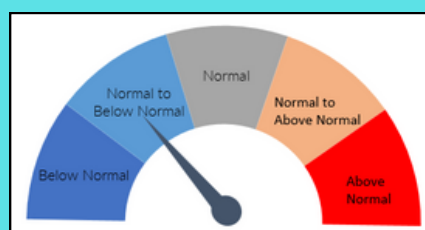
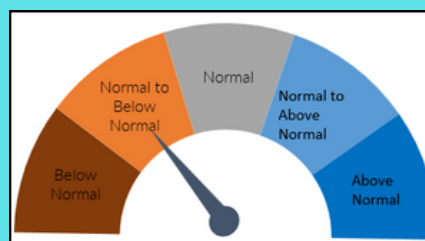
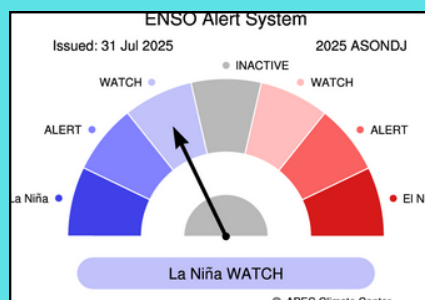
E AKI KABAEAKI TE KMS N KOAUAN KE KAIRUAN KATAUTAU AIKAI AO TIAKI TABENA KAITARAN TAIA N KANGANGA MA KABUANIBWAI AIKA ANA KONA N REKE MAN KABONGANAN TE RONGORONGO AIO NGKAI AIKAI BON TI IBUKIN TE KAKATAURAOI.

# KIRIBATI CLIMATE OUTLOOK OCTOBER - DECEMBER 2025



## Summary

- Kiribati is now entering its transition month or the last month of its **dry season** which is October.
- The El Niño–Southern Oscillation (ENSO) continue on **Neutral phase**. however, A brief **La Nina watch** is still suggested in the coming months.
- The rainfall outlook is predicted to be **below normal to normal**.
- Surface air temperatures are expected to be **normal to below normal**.



# Climate Variability Update

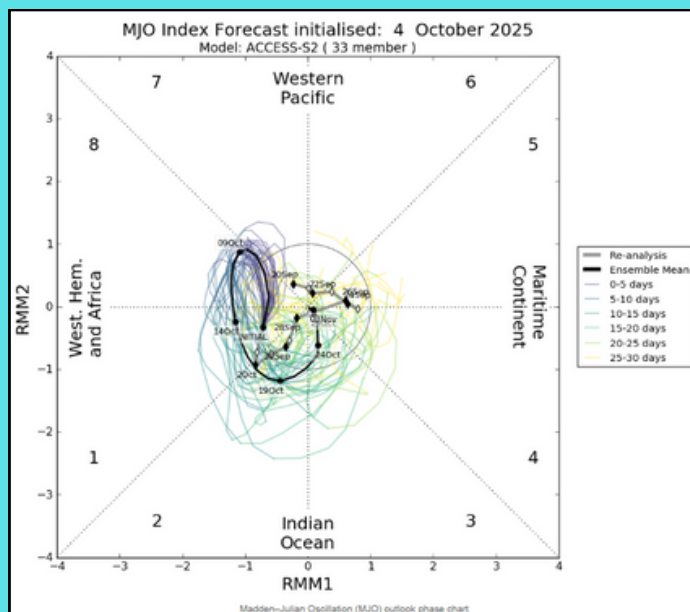
## El Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO)

The El Niño–Southern Oscillation (ENSO) remains on a neutral phase.

The Sea surface temperature in the central tropical Pacific continues cooling while the atmospheric indicators remain neutral.

The Bureau’s model predicts that the ENSO is likely reaching La Niña levels briefly during October to November and return to neutral in December to February 2026.

This is consistent with international models indicate that further cooling is likely however, one out of all models suggest returning to neutral early next year.



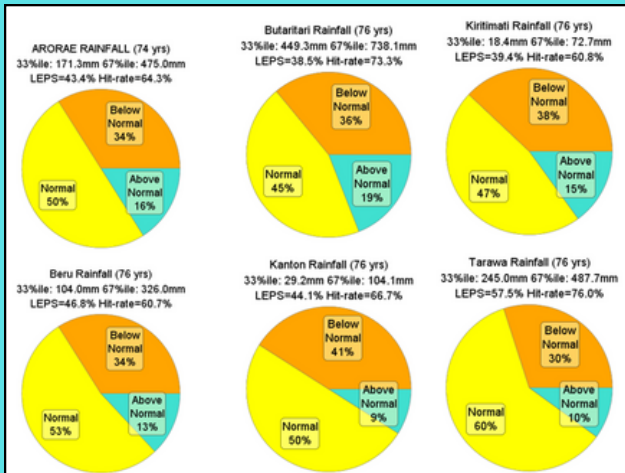
Source: BoM, Australia

## Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO)

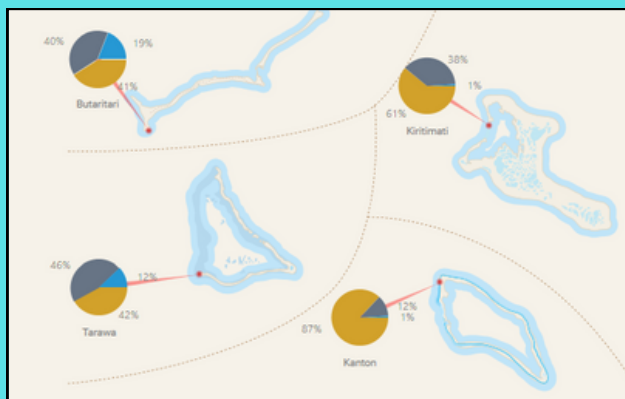
The Madden-Julian Oscillation (MJO) is another climate driver that brings changes to rainfall patterns over the region for a short period of time, typically lasting between 30 to 90 days.

MJO has passed the Western Pacific region and now moves over to the Western Hemisphere and Africa.

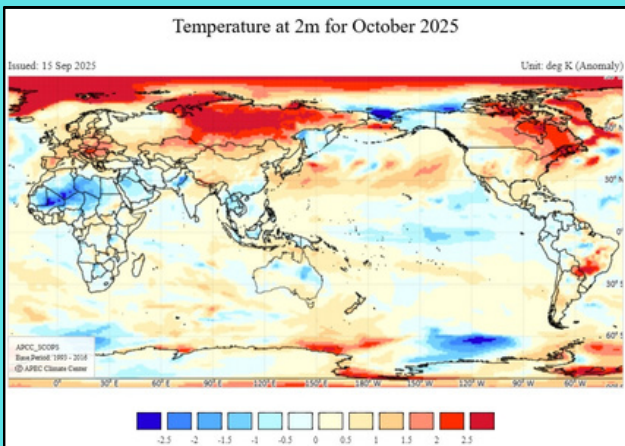
# Rainfall and Temperature Outlook October to December 2025.



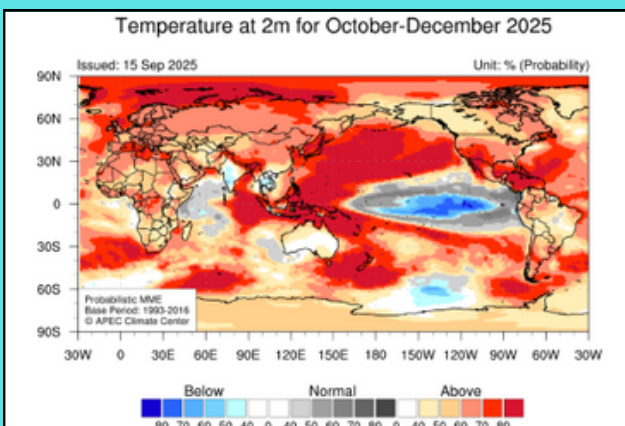
**Fig 1.** The SCOPIC indicates that **normal rainfall** is expected for the coming three months.



**Fig 2.** The PICASO model predicts a **below normal to normal rainfall** in most parts of Kiribati.



**Fig 3.** The surface **air temperature** on a regional scale is projecting a decrease of **0.5 Degrees Celsius** in most parts of the Kiribati groups. The rest of the islands are neutral.



**Fig 4.** The surface **air temperature** on a global scale indicates a **normal to below normal** air temperature for the next three months.